



PHOTOCOUPLER PS9617, PS9617L

HIGH NOISE REDUCTION, HIGH SPEED DIGITAL OUTPUT TYPE 8-PIN DIP PHOTOCOUPLER

–NEPOC Series–

DESCRIPTION

The PS9617 and PS9617L are optically coupled isolators containing a GaAlAs LED on the input side and a photo diode and a signal processing circuit on the output side on one chip.

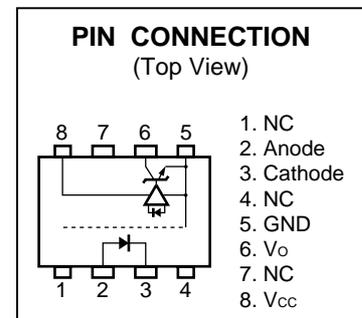
The PS9617 is in a plastic DIP (Dual In-line Package) and the PS9617L is lead bending type (Gull-wing) for surface mounting.

FEATURES

- High common mode transient immunity ($CM_H, CM_L = \pm 20 \text{ kV}/\mu\text{s}$ TYP.)
- High isolation voltage ($BV = 5\,000 \text{ Vr.m.s.}$)
- High-speed response (10 Mbps)
- Pulse width distortion ($|t_{PHL} - t_{PLH}| = 3 \text{ ns}$ TYP.)
- Open collector output
- Ordering number of tape product: PS9617L-E3, E4: 1 000 pcs/reel
- Safety standards
 - UL approved: File No. E72422
 - DIN EN60747-5-2 (VDE0884 Part2) approved No.40008906 (Option)

APPLICATIONS

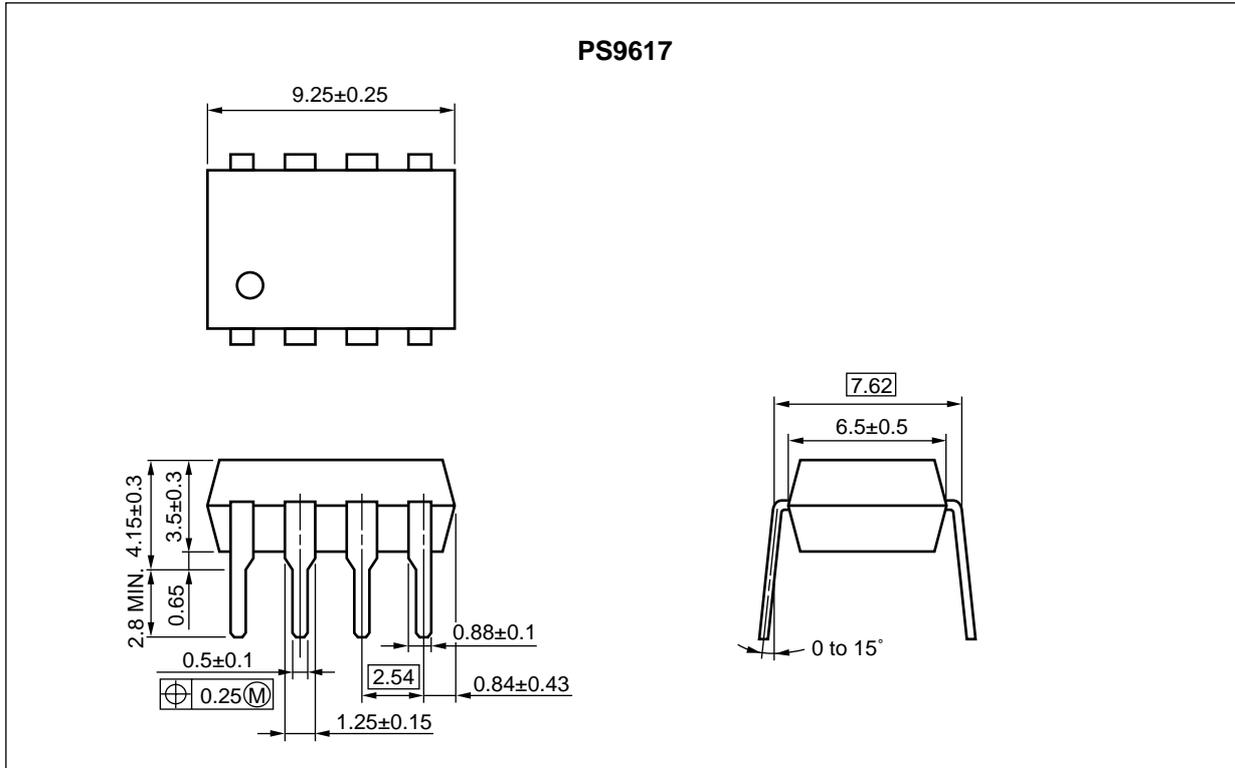
- FA Network
- Measurement equipment
- PDP



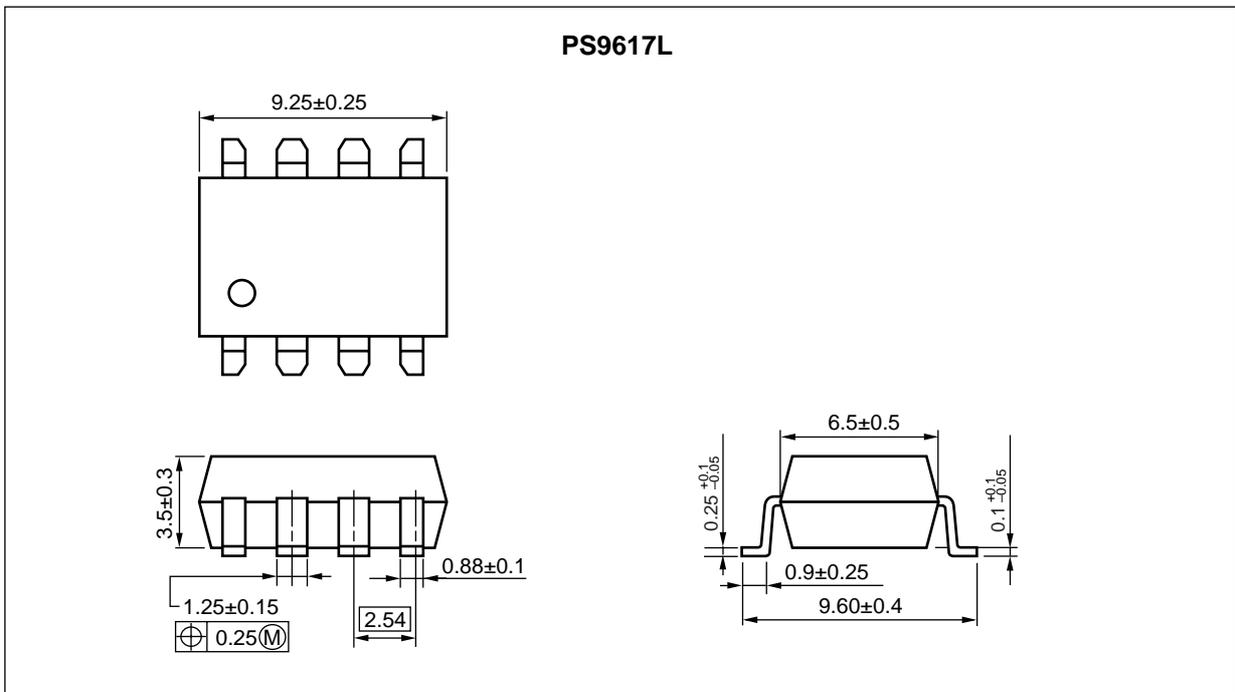
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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)

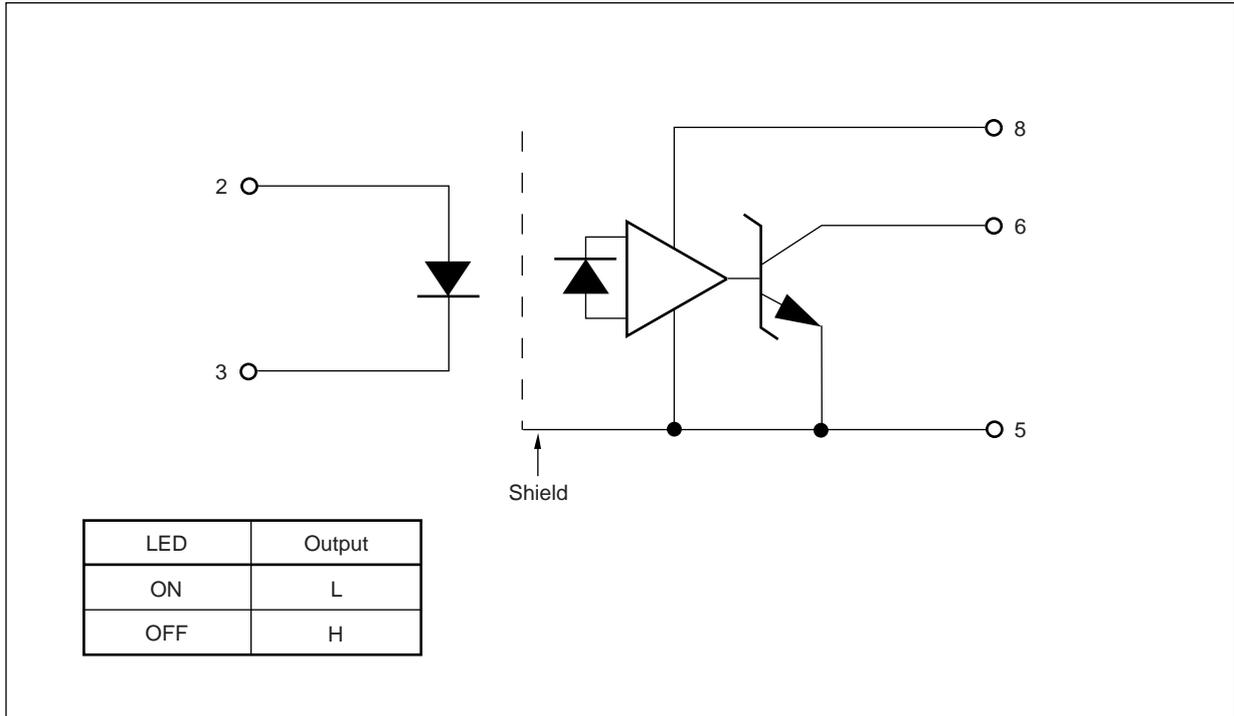
DIP Type



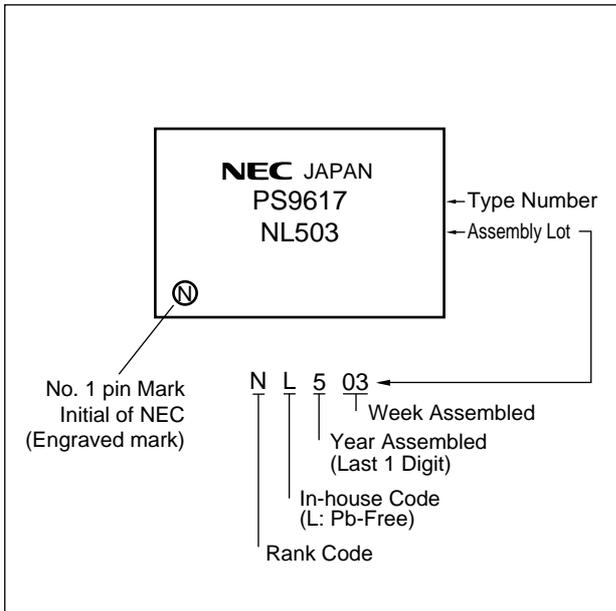
Lead Bending Type



FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



MARKING EXAMPLE



ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Order Number	Solder Plating Specification	Packing Style	Safety Standard Approval	Application Part Number ^{*1}
PS9617	PS9617-A	Pb-Free	Magazine case 50 pcs	Standard products (UL approved)	PS9617
PS9617L	PS9617L-A				
PS9617L-E3	PS9617L-E3-A		Embossed Tape 1 000 pcs/reel		
PS9617L-E4	PS9617L-E4-A				
PS9617-V	PS9617-V-A		Magazine case 50 pcs	DIN EN60747-5-2 (VDE0884 Part2)	PS9617
PS9617L-V	PS9617L-V-A				PS9617L
PS9617L-V-E3	PS9617L-V-E3-A		Embossed Tape 1 000 pcs/reel	Approved (Option)	
PS9617L-V-E4	PS9617L-V-E4-A				

*1 For the application of the Safety Standard, following part number should be used.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Diode	Forward Current ^{*1}	I _F	30	mA
	Reverse Voltage	V _R	5	V
Detector	Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	7	V
	Output Voltage	V _O	7	V
	Output Current	I _O	25	mA
	Power Dissipation ^{*2}	P _C	40	mW
Isolation Voltage ^{*3}		BV	5 000	Vr.m.s.
Operating Ambient Temperature		T _A	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature		T _{stg}	-55 to +125	°C

*1 Reduced to 0.3 mA/°C at T_A = 25°C or more.

*2 Applies to output pin V_O (Collector pin). Reduced to 1.5 mW/°C at T_A = 65°C or more.

*3 AC voltage for 1 minute at T_A = 25°C, RH = 60% between input and output.

Pins 1-4 shorted together, 5-8 shorted together.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High Level Input Current	I _{FH}	6.3	10	12.5	mA
Low Level Input Voltage	V _{FL}	0		0.8	V
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
TTL (R _L = 1 kΩ, loads)	N			5	
Pull-up Resistance	R _L	330		4 k	Ω

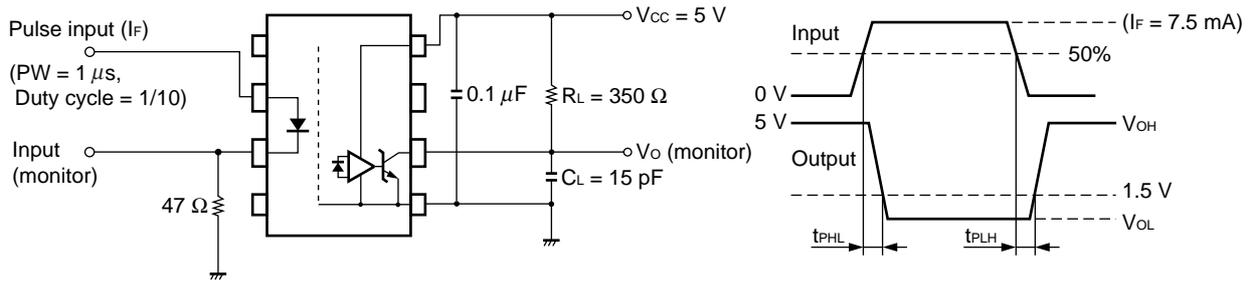
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = -40 to +85°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP. ^{*1}	MAX.	Unit	
Diode	Forward Voltage	V _F	I _F = 10 mA, T _A = 25°C	1.4	1.65	1.8	V	
	Reverse Current	I _R	V _R = 3 V, T _A = 25°C			10	μA	
	Terminal Capacitance	C _t	V _F = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T _A = 25°C		30		pF	
Detector	High Level Output Current	I _{OH}	V _{CC} = V _O = 5.5 V, V _F = 0.8 V		1	100	μA	
	Low Level Output Voltage ^{*2}	V _{OL}	V _{CC} = 5.5 V, I _F = 5 mA, I _{OL} = 13 mA		0.2	0.6	V	
	High Level Supply Current	I _{CCH}	V _{CC} = 5.5 V, I _F = 0 mA, V _O = open		5	8	mA	
	Low Level Supply Current	I _{CCL}	V _{CC} = 5.5 V, I _F = 10 mA, V _O = open		9	11	mA	
Coupled	Threshold Input Current (H → L)	I _{FHL}	V _{CC} = 5 V, V _O = 0.8 V, R _L = 350 Ω		2.5	5	mA	
	Isolation Resistance	R _{I-O}	V _{I-O} = 1 kV _{DC} , R _H = 40 to 60%, T _A = 25°C	10 ¹¹			Ω	
	Isolation Capacitance	C _{I-O}	V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T _A = 25°C		0.9		pF	
	Propagation Delay Time (H → L) ^{*3}	t _{PHL}	V _{CC} = 5 V, R _L = 350 Ω, I _F = 7.5 mA, C _L = 15 pF	T _A = 25°C		40	75	ns
							100	
	Propagation Delay Time (L → H) ^{*3}	t _{PLH}	V _{CC} = 5 V, R _L = 350 Ω, I _F = 7.5 mA, C _L = 15 pF	T _A = 25°C		43	75	ns
							100	
	Rise Time	t _r			20		ns	
	Fall Time	t _f			10		ns	
	Pulse Width Distortion (PWD) ^{*3}	t _{PHL} -t _{PLH}			3	35	ns	
Propagation Delay Skew	t _{PSK}					40	ns	
Common Mode Transient Immunity at High Level Output ^{*4}	CM _H	V _{CC} = 5 V, T _A = 25°C, I _F = 0 mA, V _{O(MIN)} = 2 V, V _{CM} = 1 kV, R _L = 350 Ω		15	20		kV/μs	
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Low Level Output ^{*4}	CM _L	V _{CC} = 5 V, T _A = 25°C, I _F = 7.5 mA, V _{O(MAX)} = 0.8 V, V _{CM} = 1 kV, R _L = 350 Ω		15	20		kV/μs	

*1 Typical values at T_A = 25°C

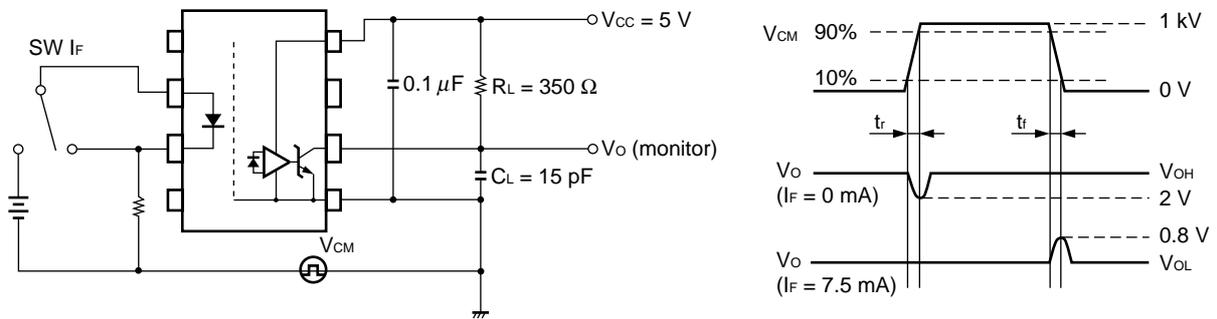
*2 Because V_{OL} of 2 V or more may be output when LED current input and when output supply of V_{CC} = 2.6 V or less, it is important to confirm the characteristics (operation with the power supply on and off) during design, before using this device.

***3 Test circuit for propagation delay time**



Remark CL includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

***4 Test circuit for common mode transient immunity**



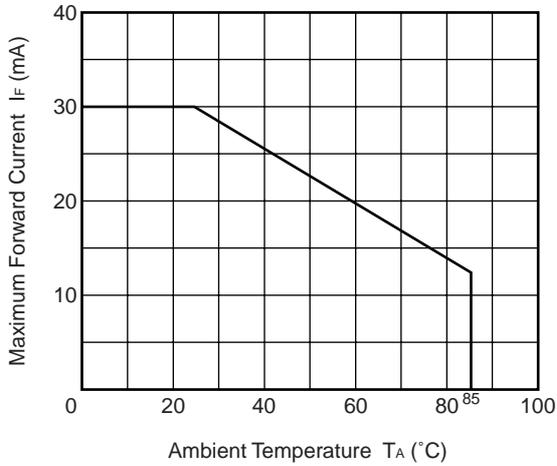
Remark CL includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

USAGE CAUTIONS

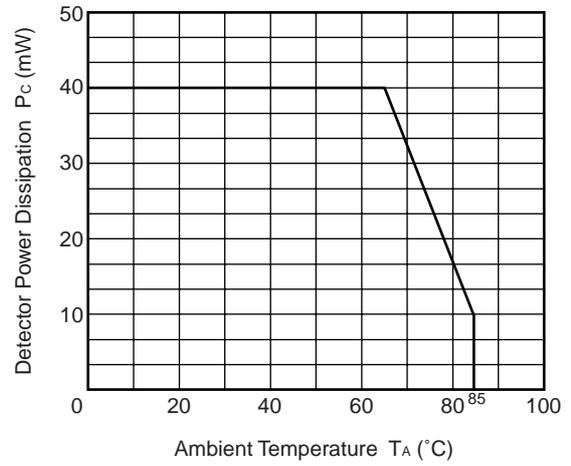
1. This product is weak for static electricity by designed with high-speed integrated circuit so protect against static electricity when handling.
2. By-pass capacitor of more than 0.1 μF is used between Vcc and GND near device. Also, ensure that the distance between the leads of the photocoupler and capacitor is no more than 10 mm.
3. Avoid storage at a high temperature and high humidity.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

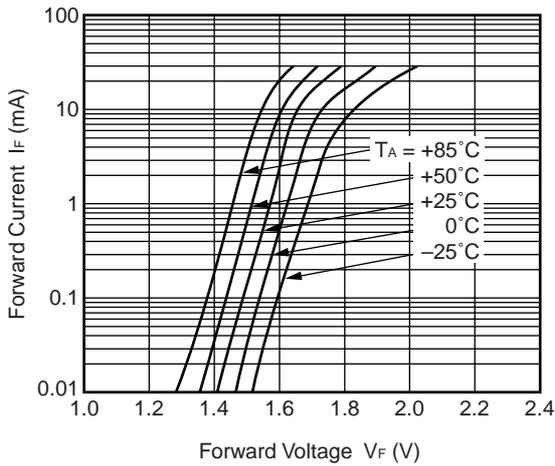
MAXIMUM FORWARD CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



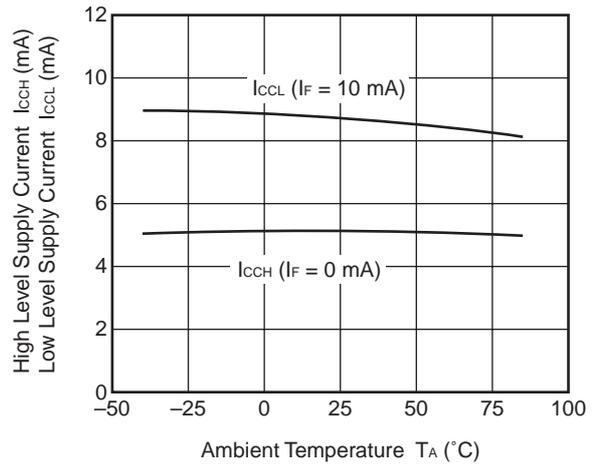
DETECTOR POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



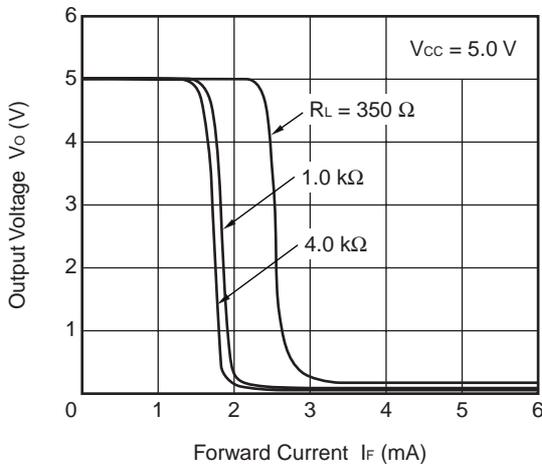
FORWARD CURRENT vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



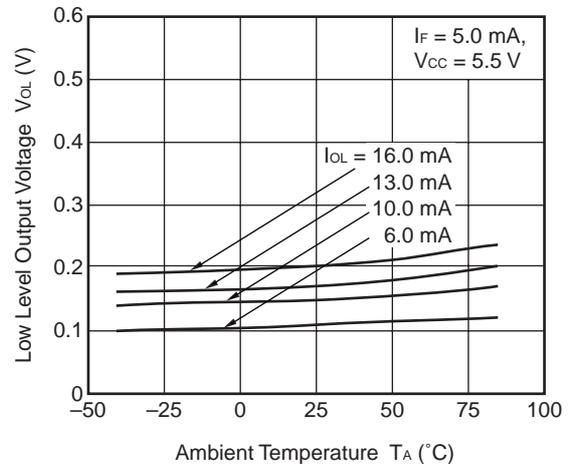
SUPPLY CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. FORWARD CURRENT

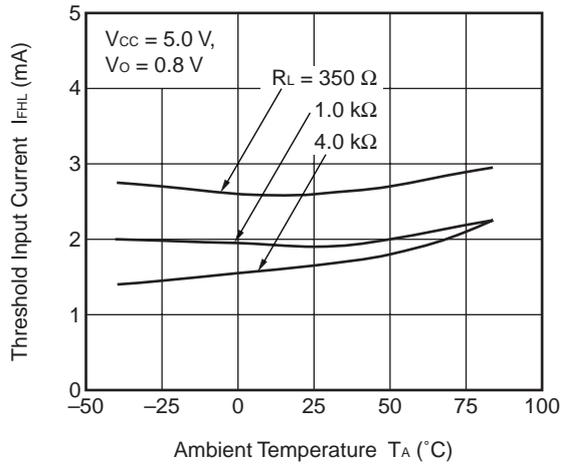


LOW LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

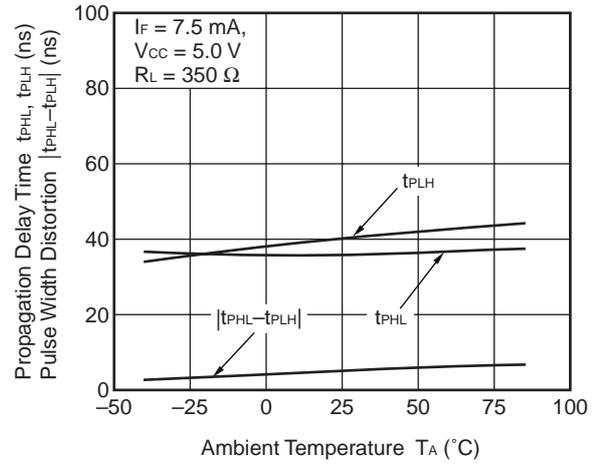


Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

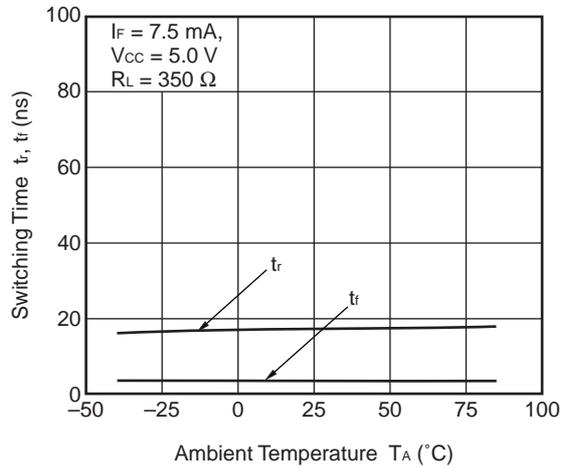
THRESHOLD INPUT CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



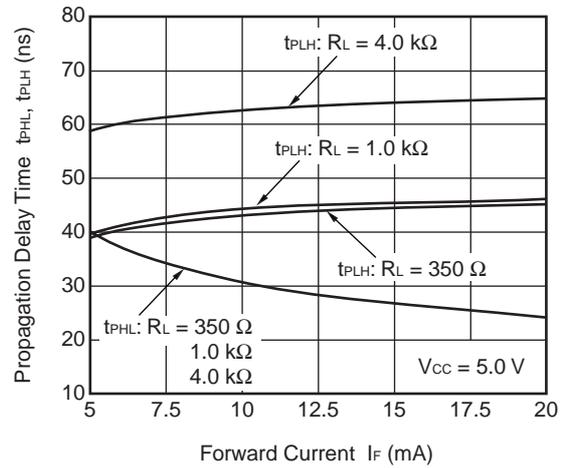
t_{PHL} , t_{PLH} , $|t_{PHL}-t_{PLH}|$ vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



SWITCHING TIME vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



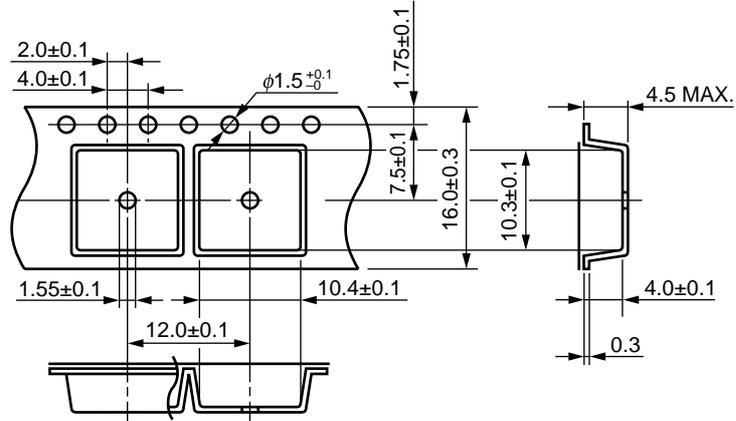
PROPAGATION DELAY TIME vs. FORWARD CURRENT



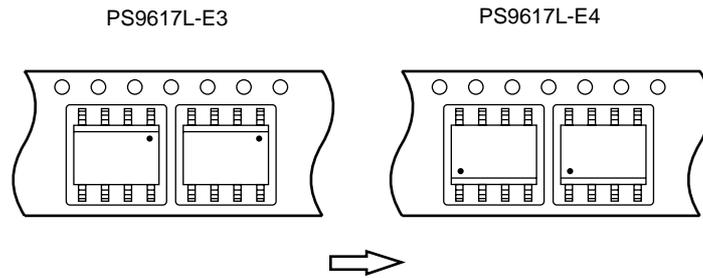
Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

TAPING SPECIFICATIONS (UNIT: mm)

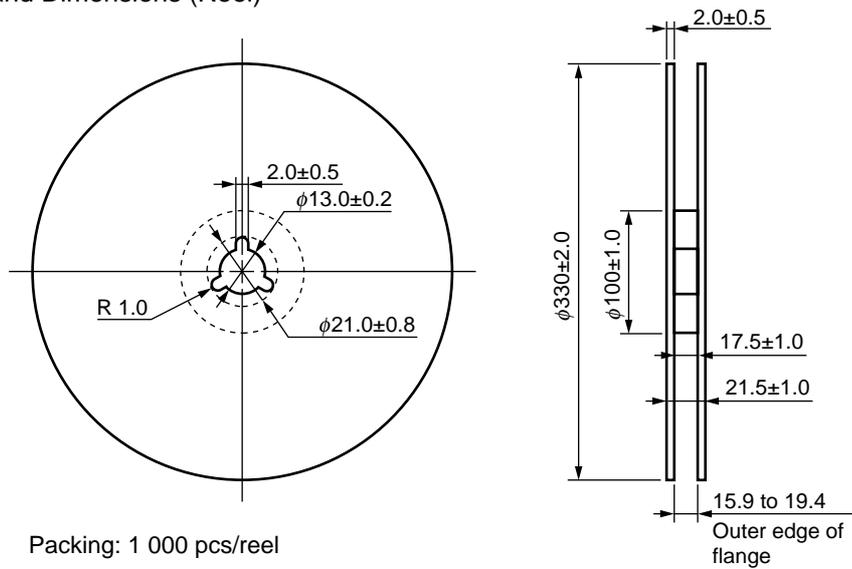
Outline and Dimensions (Tape)



Tape Direction



Outline and Dimensions (Reel)



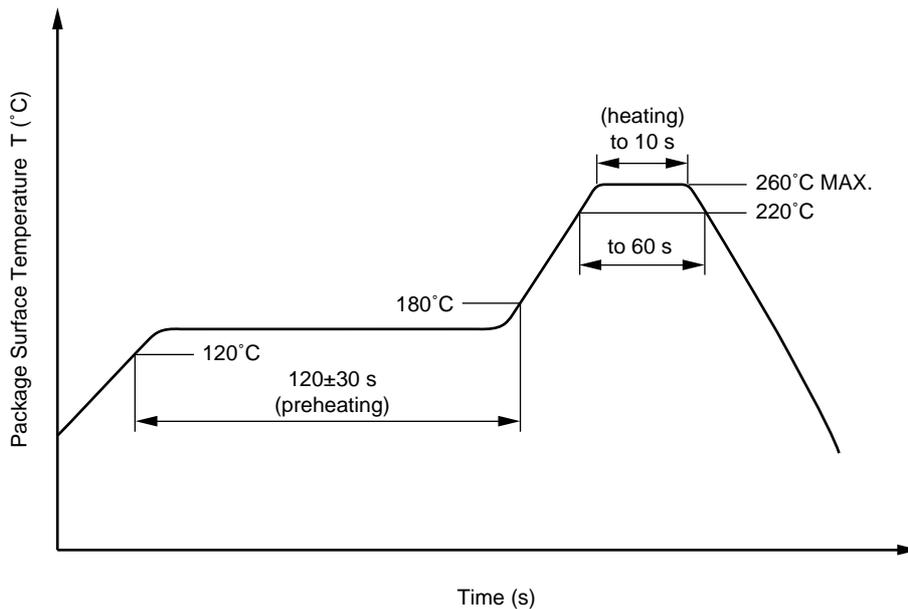
NOTES ON HANDLING

1. Recommended soldering conditions

(1) Infrared reflow soldering

- Peak reflow temperature 260°C or below (package surface temperature)
- Time of peak reflow temperature 10 seconds or less
- Time of temperature higher than 220°C 60 seconds or less
- Time to preheat temperature from 120 to 180°C 120±30 s
- Number of reflows Three
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

Recommended Temperature Profile of Infrared Reflow



(2) Wave soldering

- Temperature 260°C or below (molten solder temperature)
- Time 10 seconds or less
- Preheating conditions 120°C or below (package surface temperature)
- Number of times One (Allowed to be dipped in solder including plastic mold portion.)
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

(3) Soldering by soldering iron

- Peak temperature (lead part temperature) 350°C or below
- Time (each pins) 3 seconds or less
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

- (a) Soldering of leads should be made at the point 1.5 to 2.0 mm from the root of the lead.
- (b) Please be sure that the temperature of the package would not be heated over 100°C.

(4) Cautions

- Fluxes

Avoid removing the residual flux with freon-based and chlorine-based cleaning solvent.

2. Cautions regarding noise

Be aware that when voltage is applied suddenly between the photocoupler's input and output or between collector-emitters at startup, the output transistor may enter the on state, even if the voltage is within the absolute maximum ratings.

USAGE CAUTIONS

1. Protect against static electricity when handling.
2. Avoid storage at a high temperature and high humidity.

Subject: Compliance with EU Directives

CEL certifies, to its knowledge, that semiconductor and laser products detailed below are compliant with the requirements of European Union (EU) Directive 2002/95/EC Restriction on Use of Hazardous Substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS) and the requirements of EU Directive 2003/11/EC Restriction on Penta and Octa BDE.

CEL Pb-free products have the same base part number with a suffix added. The suffix –A indicates that the device is Pb-free. The –AZ suffix is used to designate devices containing Pb which are exempted from the requirement of RoHS directive (*). In all cases the devices have Pb-free terminals. All devices with these suffixes meet the requirements of the RoHS directive.

This status is based on CEL’s understanding of the EU Directives and knowledge of the materials that go into its products as of the date of disclosure of this information.

Restricted Substance per RoHS	Concentration Limit per RoHS (values are not yet fixed)	Concentration contained in CEL devices	
		-A	-AZ
Lead (Pb)	< 1000 PPM	Not Detected	(*)
Mercury	< 1000 PPM	Not Detected	
Cadmium	< 100 PPM	Not Detected	
Hexavalent Chromium	< 1000 PPM	Not Detected	
PBB	< 1000 PPM	Not Detected	
PBDE	< 1000 PPM	Not Detected	

If you should have any additional questions regarding our devices and compliance to environmental standards, please do not hesitate to contact your local representative.

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In no event shall CEL’s liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the CEL part(s) at issue sold by CEL to customer on an annual basis.

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